

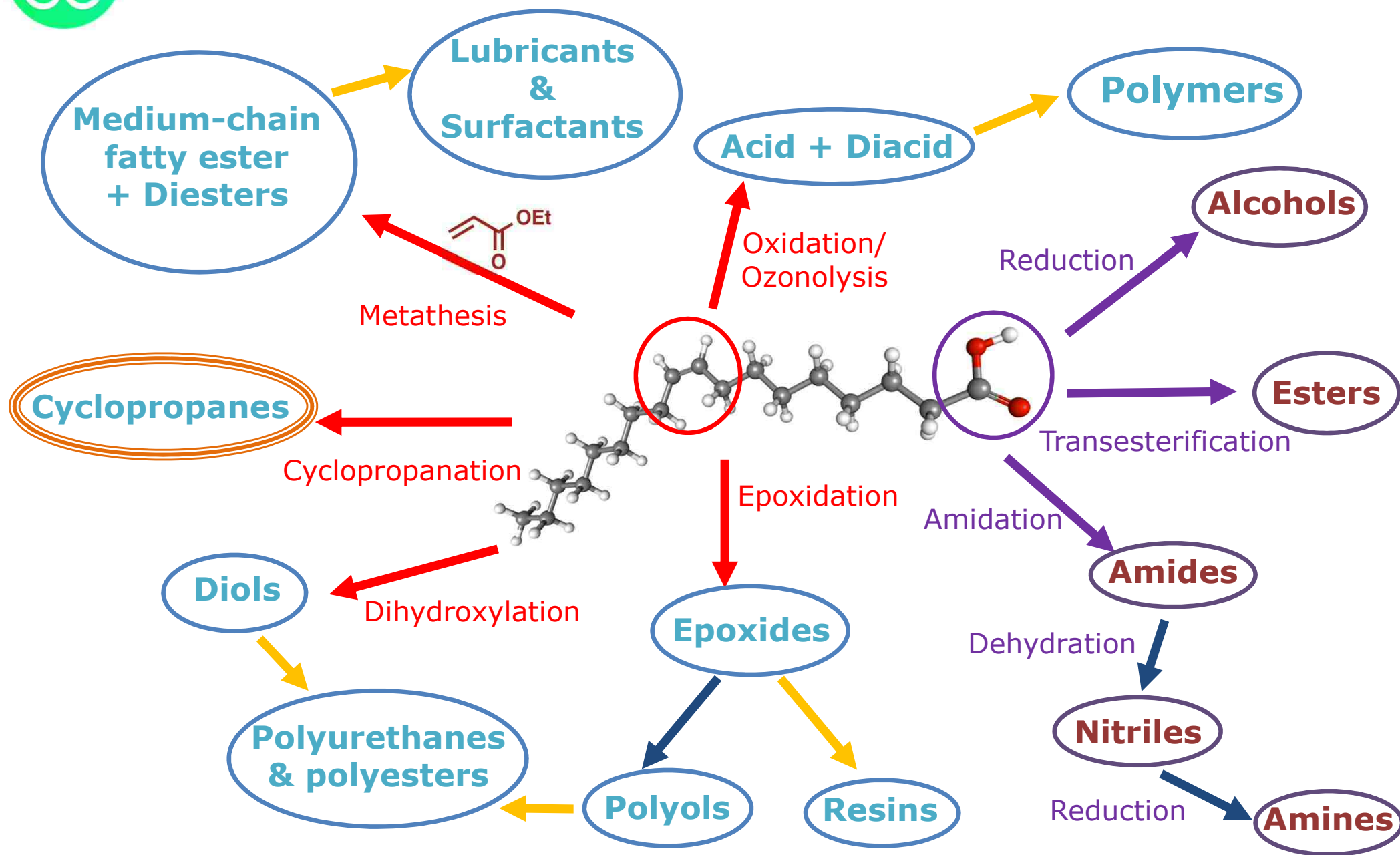
SYNTHESIS OF FUNCTIONALIZED CYCLOPROPANES FROM UNSATURATED FATTY ESTERS

B. Angulo, J. M. Fraile, Clara I. Herrerías, J. A. Mayoral

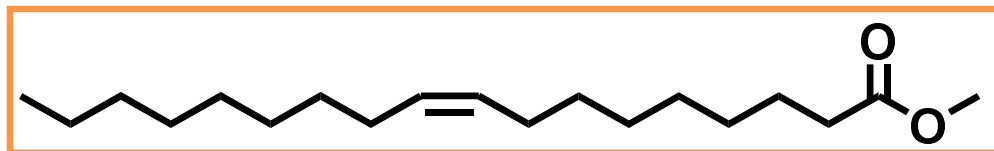
*Instituto de Síntesis Química y Catálisis Homogénea (ISQCH)
C.S.I.C. - Universidad de Zaragoza, Zaragoza (Spain)*

clarah@unizar.es

FATTY ESTERS MODIFICATIONS

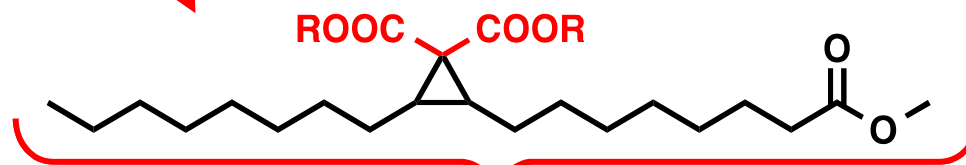
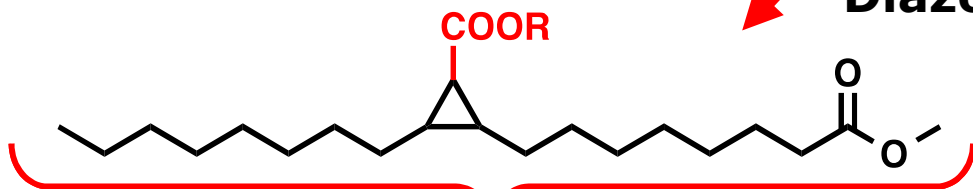


CYCLOPROPANATION REACTION

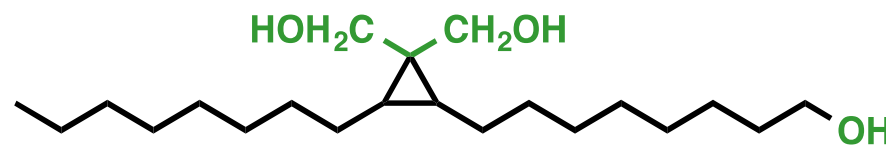
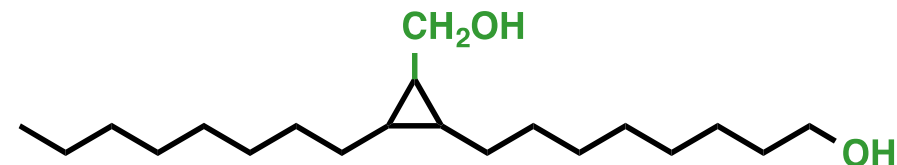
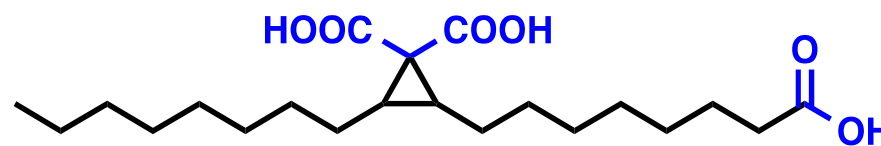
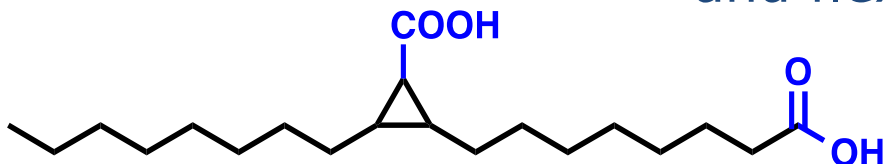


One step functionalization

Diazoesters

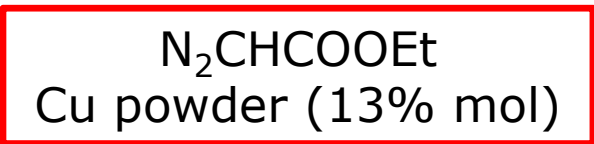


Rigid cyclopropane core and flexible chains



Useful reagents for **polymerization reactions** (Monomers, cross-linkers)

Polyesters, polyamides, polyurethanes...



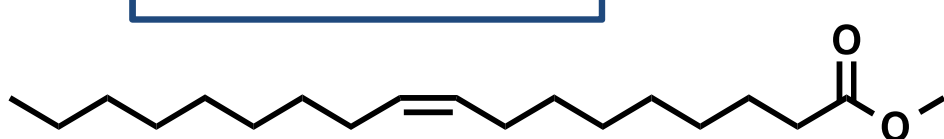
K. U. M. Prasad et al. *Indian J. Chem.* **1969**, 7, 460.

78% yield
Lack of separation and characterization

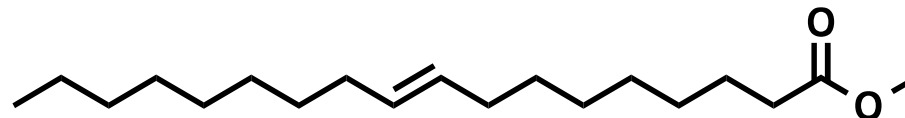


REAGENTS AND CATALYSTS

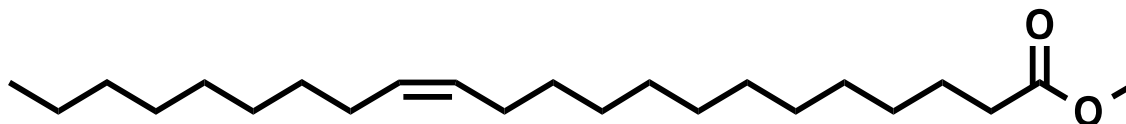
SUBSTRATES



Methyl oleate (C18:1 *cis* Δ⁹)

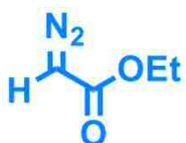


Methyl elaidate (C18:1 *trans* Δ⁹)

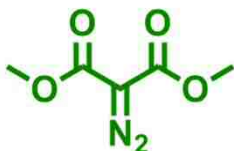


Methyl erucate (C22:1 *cis* Δ¹³)

DIAZOCOMPOUNDS



Ethyl diazoacetate
(EDA)

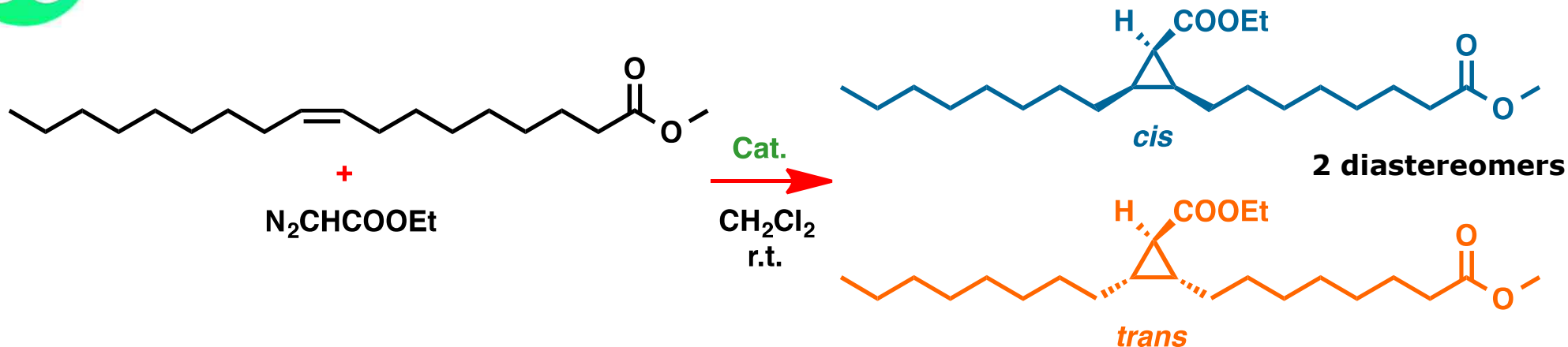


Dimethyl diazomalonate
(MDM)

CATALYSTS



EXPERIMENTAL CONDITIONS

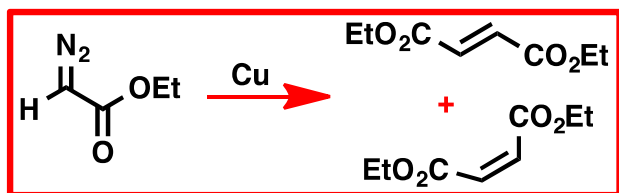


Determination of results

Reaction yield: Gas Chromatography with an internal standard.

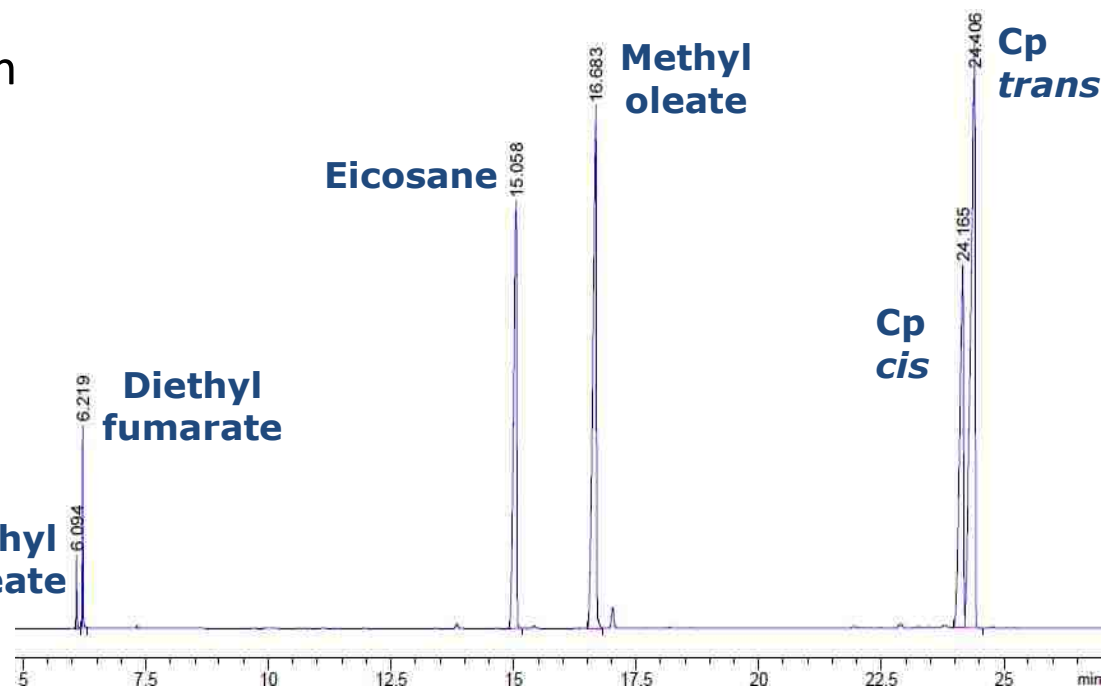
Purification: Liquid Chromatography (column and medium pressure)

Product characterization: NMR y HR-MS.



Diethyl fumarate

Diethyl maleate

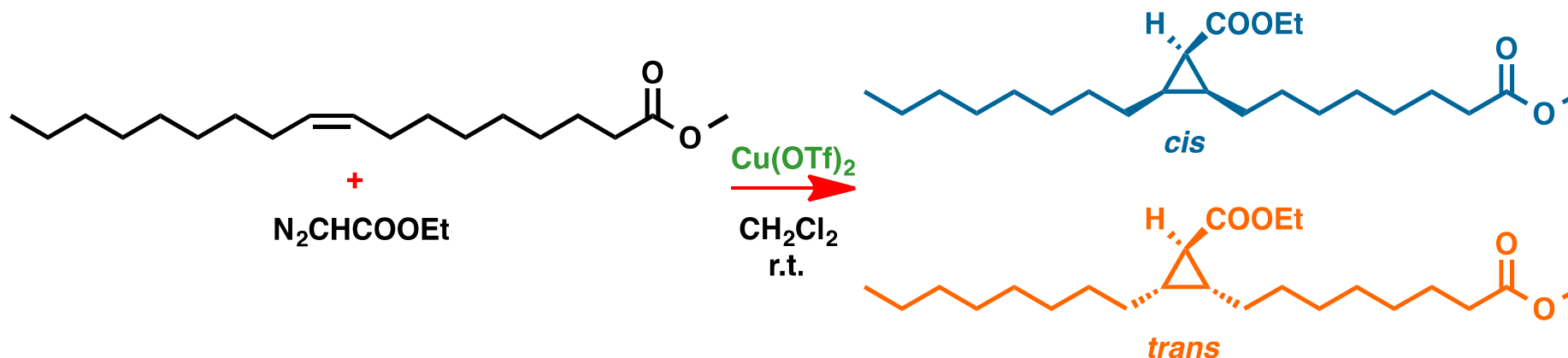


Typical GC chromatogram



Cyclopropanation with EDA

Reaction with methyl oleate



Optimization:

- % catalyst
- Solvent
- Temperature
- Reaction time
- Methyl oleate/EDA



Optimal conditions:

- 1% $\text{Cu}(\text{OTf})_2$
- CH_2Cl_2
- r.t.
- 15h
- Methyl oleate/EDA = 1:3



>99% yield
***trans/cis* = 68/32**

Characterization of the isomers?



NMR

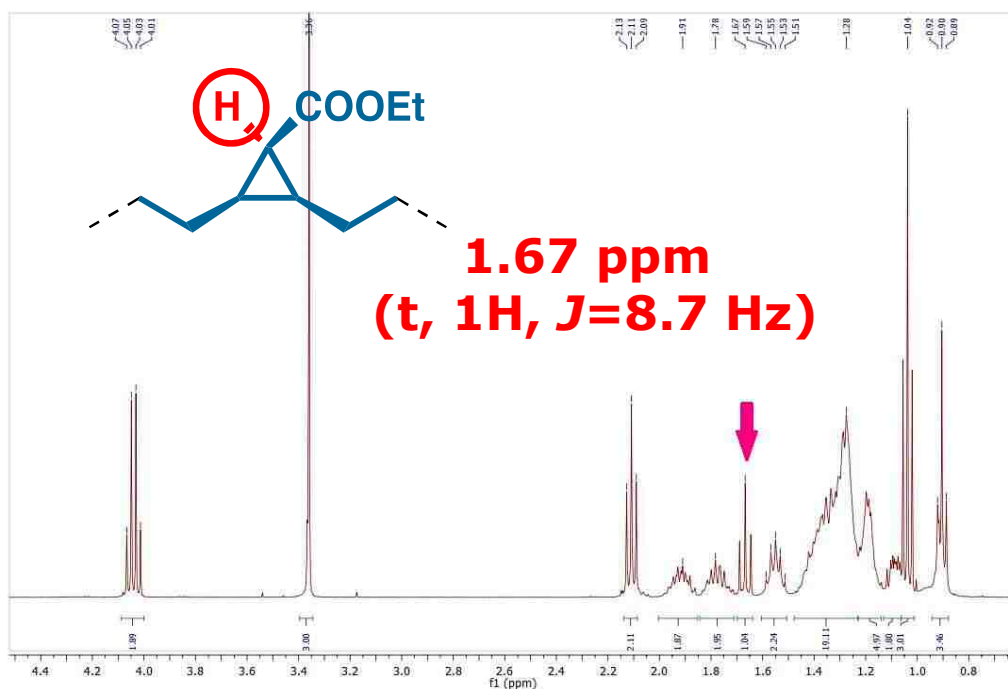
$^1\text{H-NMR}$
APT
COSY
NOESY
HSQC
HMBC



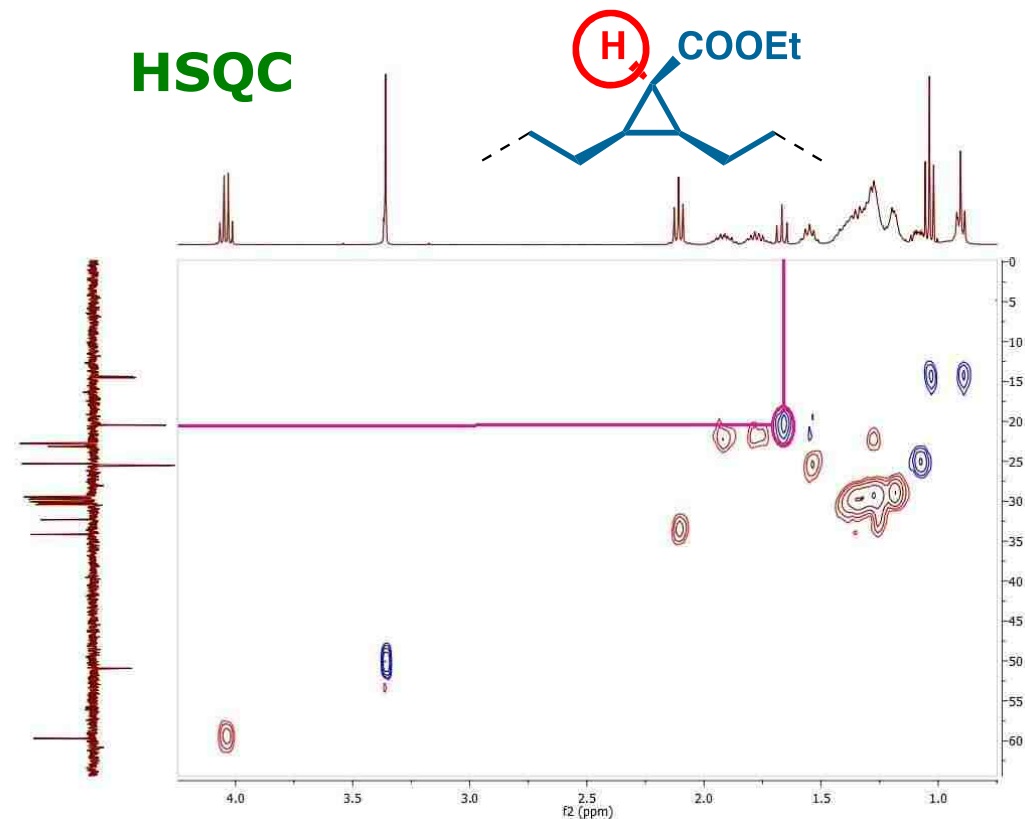
Cyclopropanation with EDA

cis cyclopropane (C_6D_6)

1H -NMR



HSQC



1H -NMR in C_6D_6 allows us to establish the coupling constant (J) of the H in α to the ester group in the cyclopropane ring for one of the diastereomers. The value of **8.7 Hz** is according to a *cis* cyclopropane.

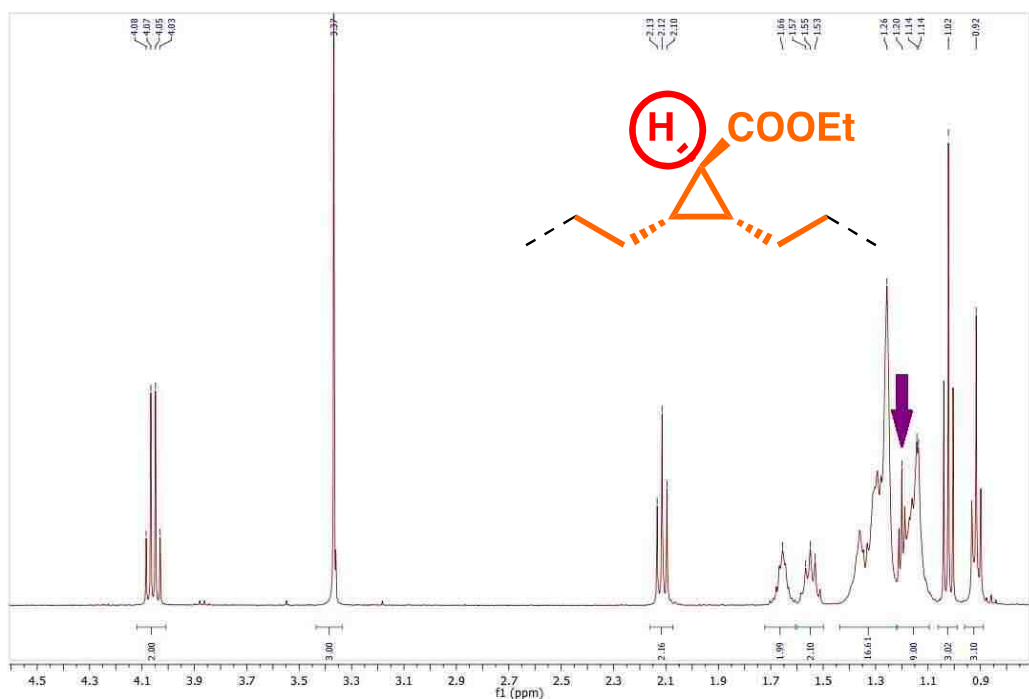
HSQC experiments **confirm the assignment** of the H.



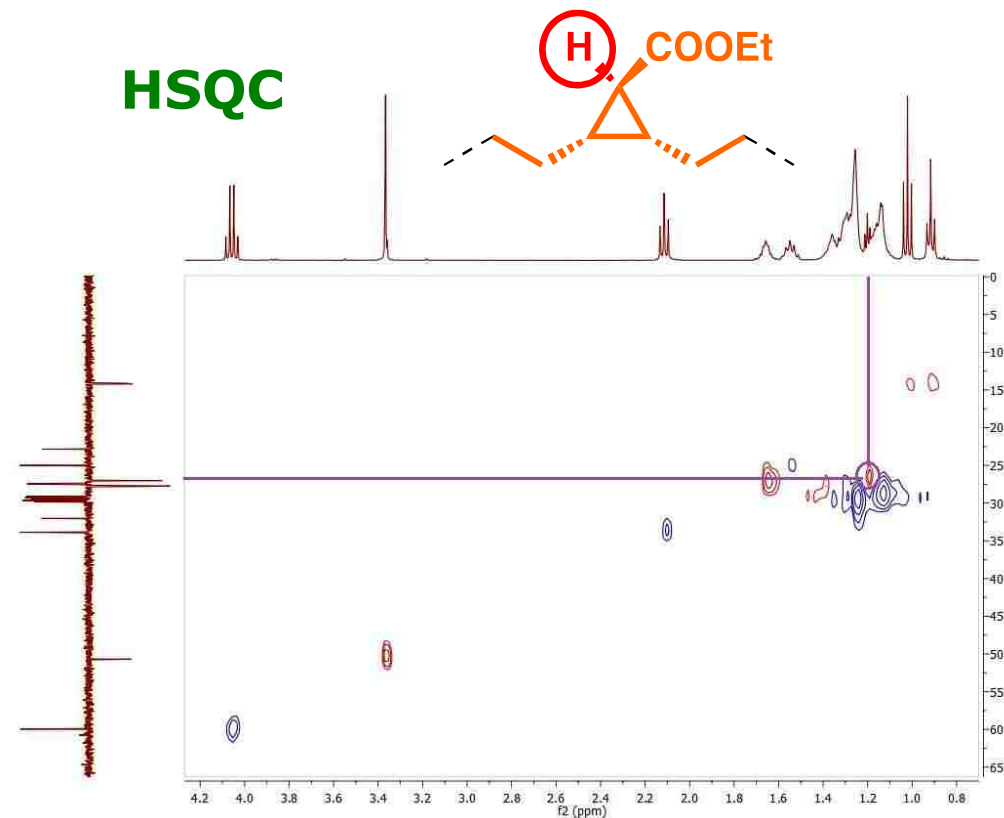
Cyclopropanation with EDA

trans cyclopropane (C_6D_6)

1H -NMR



HSQC



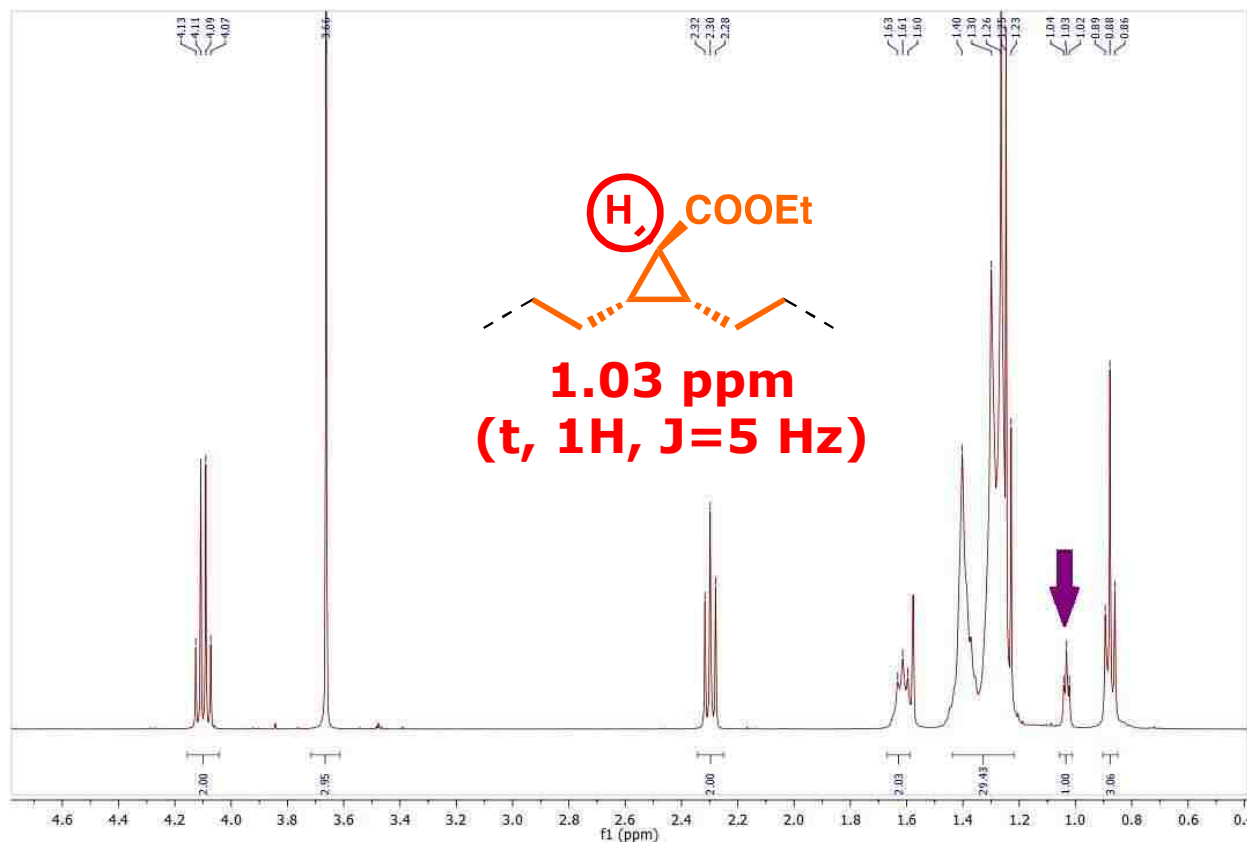
In the case of the *trans* isomer, it was not possible to determine the coupling constant (J) because of an **overlapping of signals** in the same region of the spectrum.



Cyclopropanation with EDA

trans cyclopropane (CDCl₃)

¹H-NMR



¹H-NMR spectra in CDCl₃ complement those obtained in C₆D₆ and they allow us to determine the coupling constant (*J*) of the H in α to the ester group for the *trans* diastereomer.

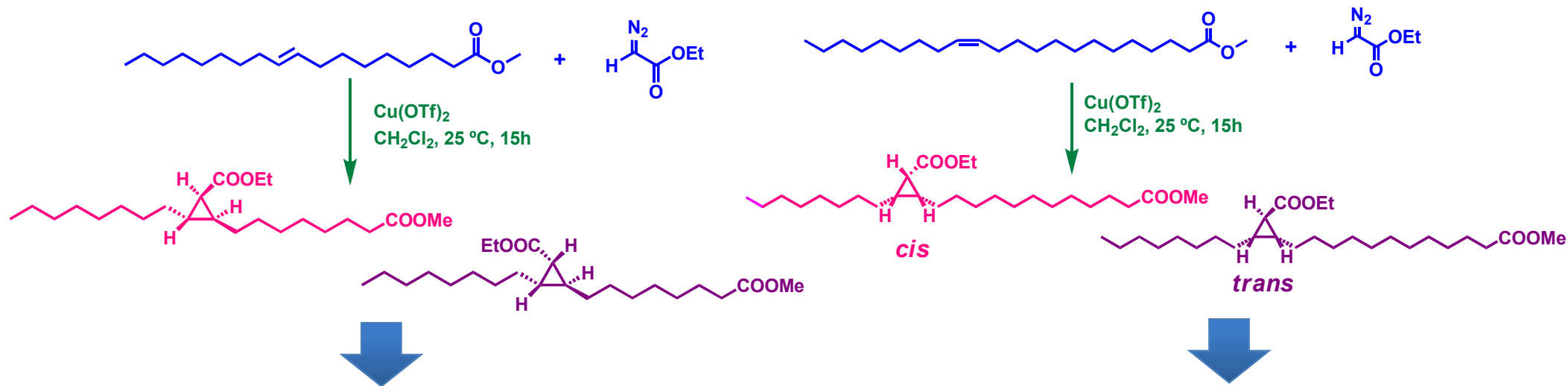
The value of **5 Hz** is according to a *trans* cyclopropane.
HSQC experiments in CDCl₃ also confirm the assignment.



Cyclopropanation with EDA

Reaction with methyl elaidate

Reaction with methyl erucate



Optimal conditions:

- 1% Cu(OTf)₂
- CH₂Cl₂
- r.t.
- 15h
- Methyl elaidate/EDA = **1:4**

>99% yield
trans/cis = 50/50

Optimal conditions:

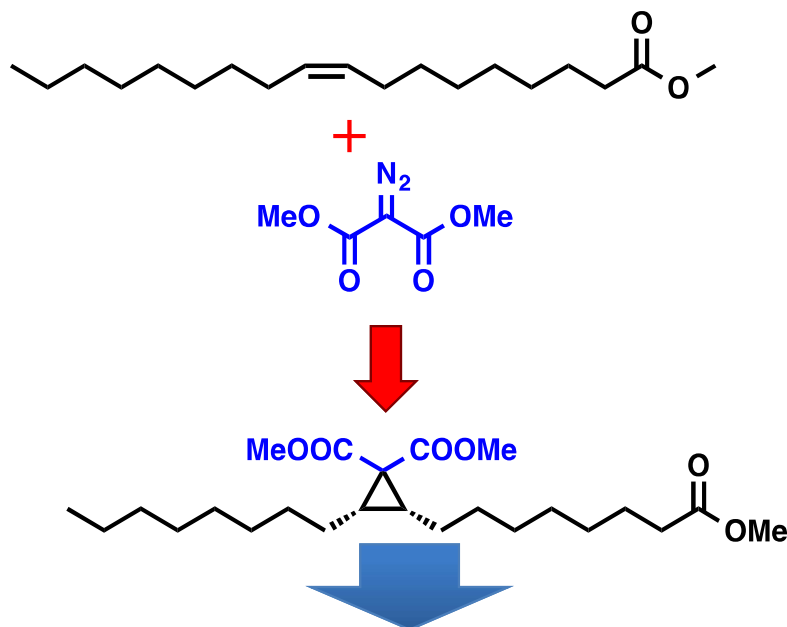
- 1% Cu(OTf)₂
- CH₂Cl₂
- r.t.
- 15h
- Methyl erucate/EDA = 1:3

>99% yield
trans/cis = 69/31



Cyclopropanation with MDM

Reaction with methyl oleate

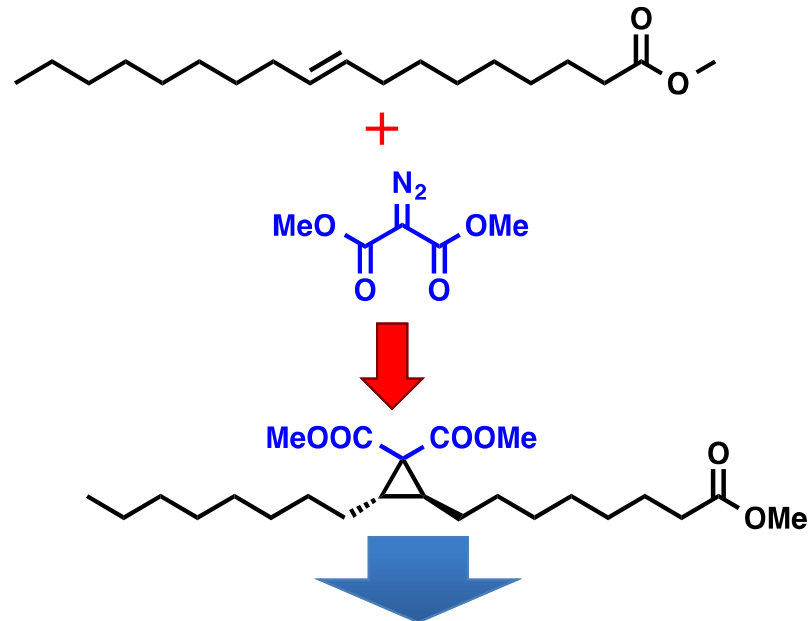


Optimal conditions:

- **2%** Cu(OTf)₂
- **1,2-dichloroethane**
- **Reflux**
- **24h**
- Methyl oleate/MDM = **1:6**

>99% yield

Reaction with methyl elaidate



Optimal conditions:

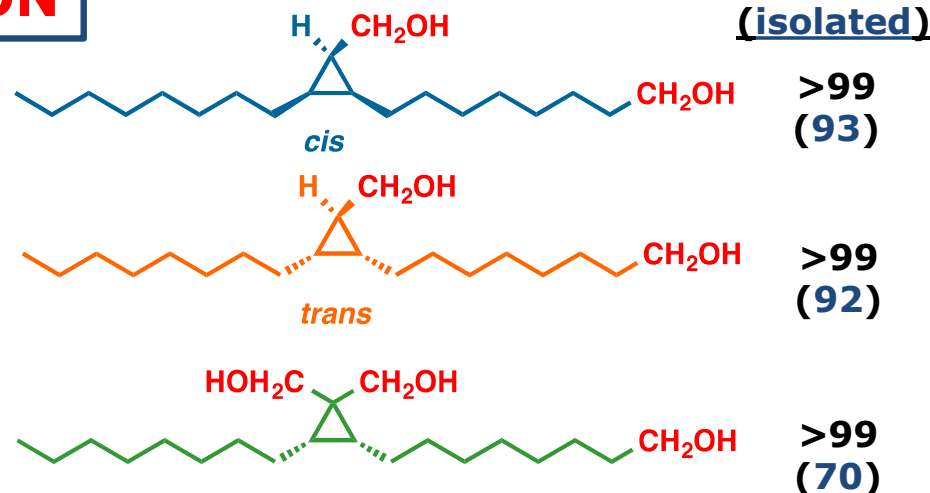
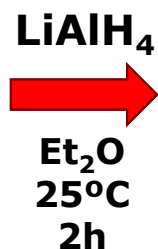
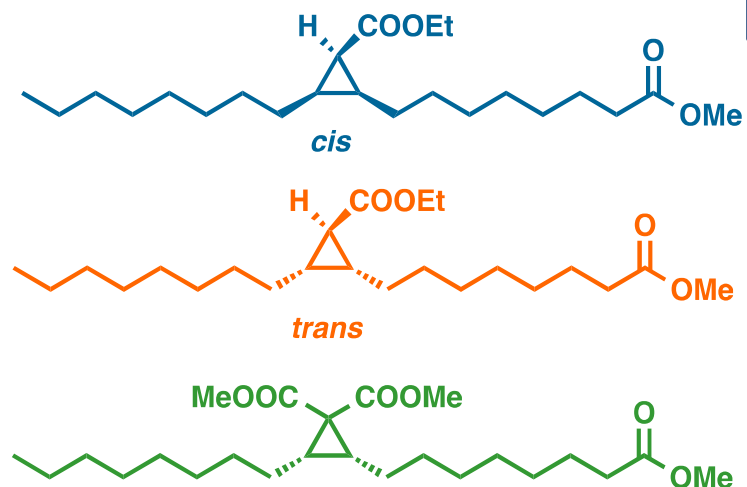
- **4%** Cu(OTf)₂
- **1,2-dichloroethane**
- **Reflux**
- **48h**
- Methyl elaidate/MDM = **1:7**

55% yield

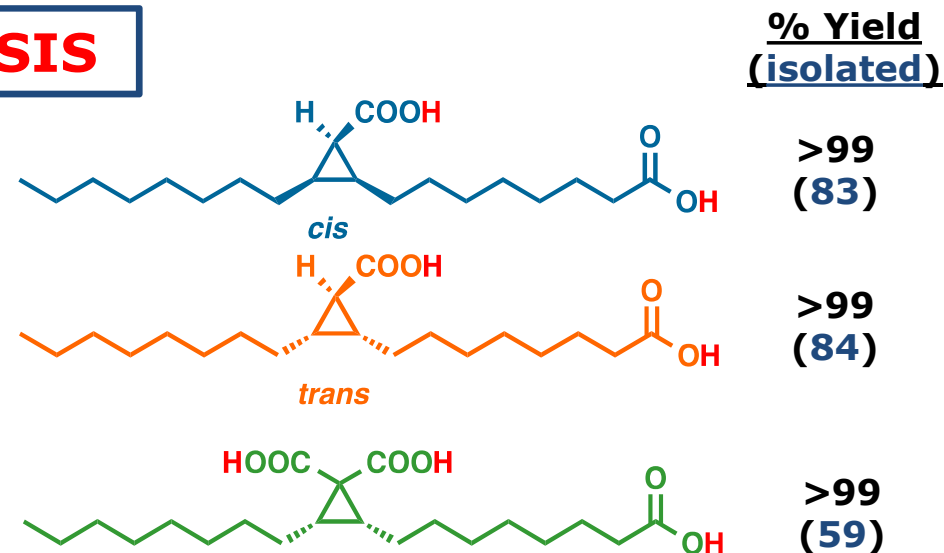
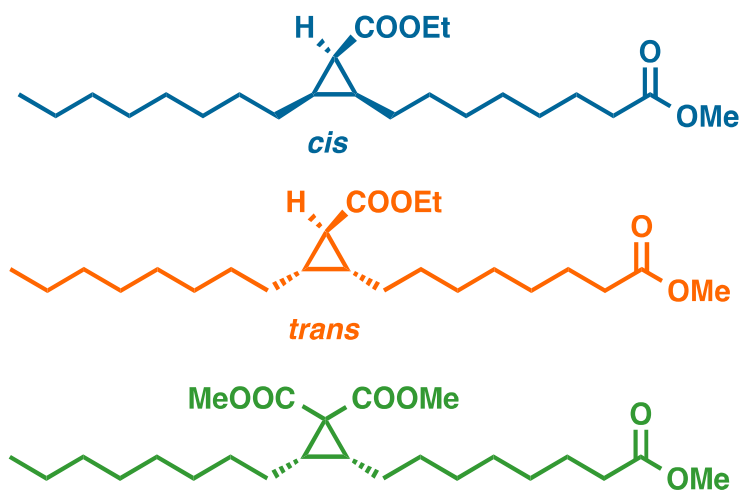
MDM is
less
reactive
than EDA



REDUCTION



HYDROLYSIS



CONCLUSIONS

- ❖ It has been possible to carry out the cyclopropanation reaction between different fatty esters and ethyl diazoacetate (**EDA**) in **only one step** with **quantitative yields**, using **1% of catalyst** ($\text{Cu}(\text{OTf})_2$) and **mild conditions**.
- ❖ The cyclopropanation with methyl diazomalonate (**MDM**) needed **harsher reaction conditions** because of the lower reactivity of this reagent. Even so, we were able to obtain yields from moderate to excellent.
- ❖ The products obtained in the cyclopropanation reaction have been easily transformed into **diacids, triacids, diols and triols**. These compounds have the potential to be used as monomers or co-monomers in **polymerization reactions** for the obtaining of new materials.



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS



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Consolidate group E11



**Thanks for
your
attention**

**Research Group "HETEROGENEOUS CATALYSIS
FOR SELECTIVE ORGANIC SYNTHESIS"**



Dr. Clara I. Herrerías



Universidad
Zaragoza